

General Equations-Part I

Objective A To solve an equation of the form $ax + b = c$

In solving an equation of the form $ax + b = c$, the goal is to rewrite the equation in the form *variable = constant*. This requires the application of both the Addition and the Multiplication Properties of Equations.

Solve: $\frac{3}{4}x - 2 = -11$

The goal is to write the equation in the form *variable = constant*.

$$\frac{3}{4}x - 2 = -11$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x - 2 + 2 = -11 + 2$$

• **Add 2 each side of the equation.**

$$\frac{3}{4}x = -9$$

• **Simplify.**

$$\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4}x = \frac{4}{3}(-9)$$

• **Multiply each side of the equation by $\frac{4}{3}$.**

$$x = -12$$

• **The equation is of the form *variable = constant*.**

The solution is -12 .